

PROG Holdings Inc Q4 2022 Earnings

FEBRUARY 22, 2023

Use of Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this presentation regarding our business that are not historical facts are “forward-looking statements” that involve risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as “believe”, “continue”, “outlook” and similar forward-looking terminology. These risks and uncertainties include factors such as (i) continued volatility and challenges in the macro environment and, in particular, the unfavorable effects on our business of the rapid increase in the rate of inflation currently being experienced in the economy, which has not been seen in more than forty years, significant increases in interest rates, and fears of a recession, and the impact of those headwinds on: (a) consumer confidence and customer demand for the merchandise that our POS partners sell; (b) our customers’ disposable income and their ability to make the lease and loan payments they owe the company; (c) the availability of consumer credit; (d) our labor costs; and (e) our overall financial performance and outlook; (ii) our businesses being subject to extensive laws and regulations, including laws and regulations unique to the industries in which our businesses operate, that may subject them to government investigations and significant monetary penalties and compliance-related burdens, as well as an increased focus by federal, state and local regulators on the industries within which our businesses operate, including with respect to consumer protection, customer privacy, third party and employee fraud and information security; (iii) deteriorating macroeconomic conditions resulting in the algorithms and other proprietary decisioning tools used in approving Progressive Leasing and Vive customers for leases and loans no longer being indicative of their ability to perform, which may limit the ability of those businesses to avoid lease and loan charge-offs or may result in their reserves being insufficient to cover actual losses; (iv) a large percentage of the company’s revenues being concentrated with several of Progressive Leasing’s key POS partners; (v) the risks that Progressive Leasing will be unable to attract new POS partners or retain and grow its business with its existing POS partners; (vi) Vive’s and Four’s business models differing significantly from Progressive Leasing’s, which creates specific and unique risks for the Vive and Four businesses, including Vive’s reliance on two bank partners to issue its credit products and Vive’s and Four’s exposure to the unique regulatory risks associated with the laws and regulations that apply to their businesses; (vii) the risks that interruptions, inventory shortages and other factors affecting the supply chains of our retail partners having a material and adverse effect on several aspects of our performance; (viii) the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, including new variants, subvariants or additional waves of COVID-19 infections, on: (a) demand for the lease-to-own products offered by our Progressive Leasing segment, (b) Progressive Leasing’s point-of-sale or “POS” partners, and Vive’s and Four’s merchant partners, (c) Progressive Leasing’s, Vive’s and Four’s customers, including their ability and willingness to satisfy their obligations under their lease agreements and loan agreements, (d) Progressive Leasing’s POS partners being able to obtain the merchandise their customers need or desire, (e) our employees and labor needs, including our ability to adequately staff our operations, (f) our financial and operational performance, and (g) our liquidity; (ix) changes in the enforcement of existing laws and regulations and the adoption of new laws and regulations that may unfavorably impact our businesses; (x) the risk that our capital allocation strategy, including our current share repurchase program, will not be effective at enhancing shareholder value; (xi) our cost reduction initiatives may not be adequate or may have unintended consequences that could be disruptive to our businesses; (xii) the loss of the services of our key executives or our inability to attract and retain key talent, particularly with respect to our information technology function, may have a material adverse impact on our operations; (xiii) increased competition from traditional and virtual lease-to-own competitors and also from competitors of our Vive segment; (xiv) adverse consequences to Progressive Leasing, including additional monetary penalties and/or injunctive relief, if it fails to comply with the terms of its 2020 settlement with the FTC, as well as the possibility of other regulatory authorities and third parties bringing legal actions against Progressive Leasing based on the same allegations that led to the FTC settlement; (xv) our increased level of indebtedness; (xvi) our ability to protect confidential, proprietary, or sensitive information, including the personal and confidential information of our customers, which may be adversely affected by cyber-attacks, employee or other internal misconduct, computer viruses, electronic break-ins or “hacking”, or similar disruptions, any one of which could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial condition, and prospects; and (xvii) the other risks and uncertainties discussed under “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on February 22, 2023. Statements in this presentation that are “forward-looking” include without limitation statements about: (i) the benefits we expect to realize from our market leadership and financial strength, including our ability to broaden our base of POS partners and to capitalize on increased consumer demand when the current macroeconomic headwinds subside; and (ii) our full-year and first-quarter 2023 outlook. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Except as required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances after the date of this presentation.

PROG Holdings Q4 2022 Headlines

- **Consolidated revenues** of \$612.1 million
- **Consolidated earnings before taxes** of \$53.7 million
- **Adjusted EBITDA** of \$74.4 million or 12.2% of revenues
- **Diluted EPS** of \$0.73; **Non-GAAP Diluted EPS** of \$0.84, up 25% year-over-year
- **Progressive Leasing write-offs** of 6.5%, down sequentially and year-over-year
- **E-commerce** increased to 20.4% of Progressive Leasing GMV



PROG Holdings Executive Commentary

"Our fourth quarter results exceeded both our top and bottom-line expectations, primarily driven by decisions made in the first half of 2022 to improve our portfolio performance and adjust our cost structure in the face of macroeconomic headwinds.

During the quarter, we saw continued improvement in the quality of our lease portfolio as a result of these decisioning changes, and we were able to deliver write-offs within our targeted annual range for 2022 despite the pressures facing our consumers.

We believe that our market leadership and financial strength will allow us to navigate through this uncertain period, continue to broaden our partner base, and position us to capitalize on increased consumer demand when the current macro-economic headwinds subside."



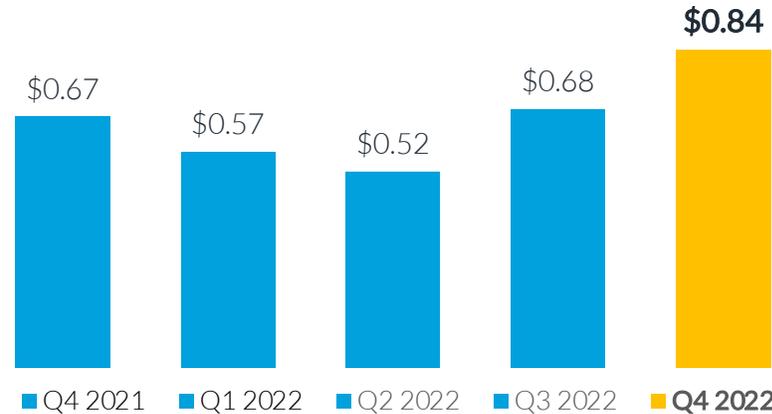
Steve Michaels
President and CEO,
PROG Holdings, Inc.

PROG Holdings Q4 Consolidated Results

Revenue
in millions



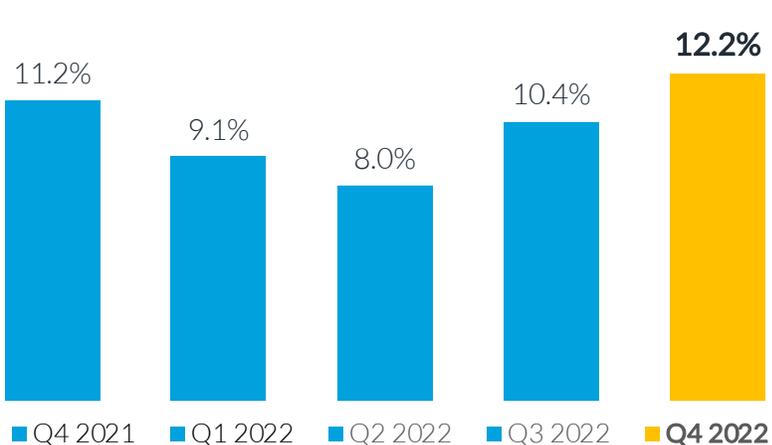
Non-GAAP EPS



Adjusted EBITDA
in millions



Adjusted EBITDA
as a % of PROG Holdings consolidated revenues



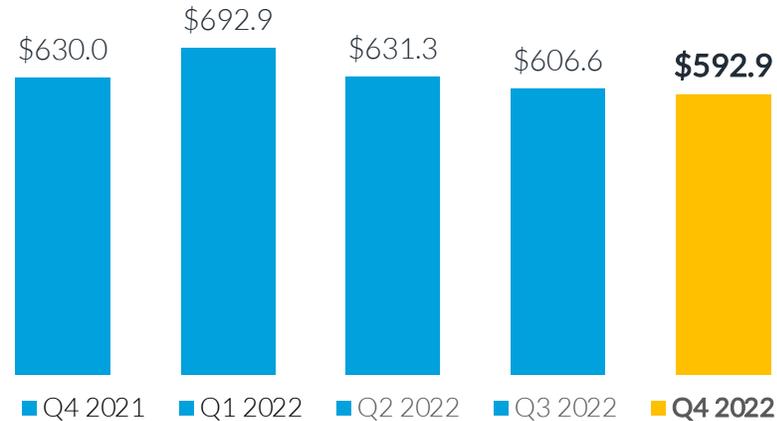
- Revenue decline was primarily due to headwinds to GMV from lease decisioning tightening and lower retail traffic
- Adjusted EBITDA growth was driven by Progressive Leasing's gross margin increase, lower write-offs, and declining 90-day buyouts
- Non-GAAP EPS improvement was primarily driven by lower outstanding share count

Progressive Leasing Q4 Segment Results

GMV
in millions



Revenue
in millions



- GMV decline was primarily caused by tighter lease decisioning and weaker retail traffic

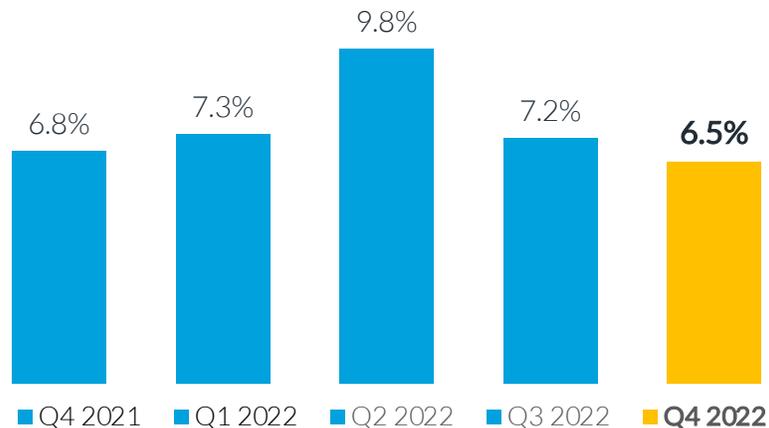
- Revenue was impacted by GMV headwinds and a reduction in the size of lease portfolio

- Write-offs as a percentage of revenue improved for the second straight quarter, ending Q4 at the low-point for the year

- Year over year adjusted EBITDA growth was driven by Progressive Leasing's gross margin increase, lower write-offs, and declining 90-day buyouts

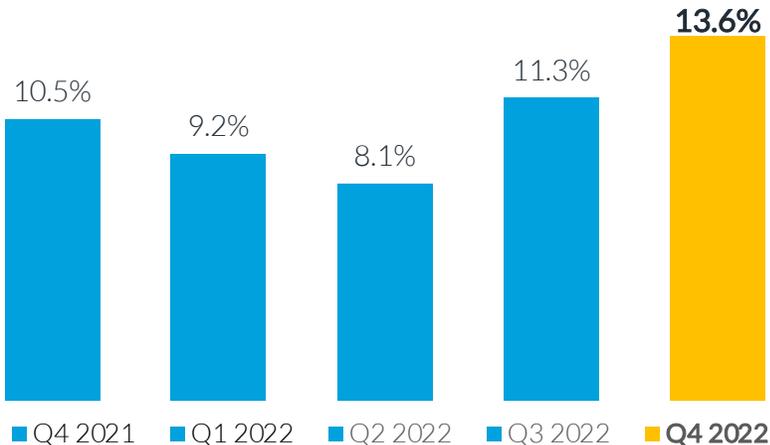
Write-Offs*

as a % of Progressive Leasing revenues



Adjusted EBITDA

as a % of Progressive Leasing revenues



*Provision for lease merchandise write-offs



RESULTS

PROG Holdings Consolidated Q4 Results



	Three Months Ended December 31,		Change
	2022	2021	
Revenue	\$612.1	\$646.5	-5.3%
GAAP Net Earnings	\$36.1	\$37.8	-4.5%
Adjusted Net Earnings	\$41.3	\$42.4	-2.6%
Adjusted EBITDA \$	\$74.4	\$72.1	3.2%
Adjusted EBITDA %	12.2%	11.2%	100bps
GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$0.73	\$0.59	24%
Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$0.84	\$0.67	25%

All dollar amounts in millions except EPS

GAAP to non-GAAP reconciliation tables available in appendix

PROG Holdings Consolidated Results



**Cash Flow
From Operations**

2022

\$242.5M

**Common Stock
Repurchased**

2022

8.7M shares

**Common Stock
Repurchase Amount**

2022

\$223.6M

**Cash and Cash
Equivalents**

As of 12/31/2022

\$131.9M

**Gross
Debt**

As of 12/31/2022

\$600M

**Net Leverage
Ratio***

As of 12/31/2022

1.83x

*(Gross debt minus cash and cash equivalents)
divided by trailing 12 month adjusted EBITDA

Progressive Leasing Q4 Segment Results

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Change
	2022	2021	
GMV	\$540.9	\$634.7	-14.8%
Revenue	\$592.9	\$630.0	-5.9%
Gross Margin %	32.7%	30.2%	250bps
SG&A %	13.2%	13.4%	-20bps
Write-Off %*	6.5%	6.8%	-30bps
Adjusted EBITDA \$	\$80.4	\$66.4	21.1%
Adjusted EBITDA %	13.6%	10.5%	310bps

*The provision for lease merchandise write-offs as a percentage of Progressive Leasing revenue

All dollar amounts in millions

GAAP to non-GAAP reconciliation tables available in appendix

PROG Holdings Full-Year 2023 Outlook

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	Full Year 2023 Outlook	
	Low	High
PROG Holdings - Total Revenues	\$ 2,340,000	\$ 2,440,000
PROG Holdings - Net Earnings	82,500	103,500
PROG Holdings - Adjusted EBITDA	215,000	245,000
PROG Holdings - Diluted EPS	1.69	2.12
PROG Holdings - Diluted Non-GAAP EPS	2.11	2.54
Progressive Leasing - Total Revenues	2,275,000	2,370,000
Progressive Leasing - Earnings Before Taxes	147,000	167,000
Progressive Leasing - Adjusted EBITDA	228,000	251,000
Vive - Total Revenues	65,000	70,000
Vive - Earnings Before Taxes	2,500	4,500
Vive - Adjusted EBITDA	5,000	8,000
Other - Loss Before Taxes	(26,000)	(23,000)
Other - Adjusted EBITDA	(18,000)	(14,000)

This outlook assumes a difficult operating environment with continued soft demand for consumer durable goods, no material changes in the Company's decisioning posture, and no impact from additional share repurchases.

PROG Holdings Q1 2023 Outlook

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 Outlook	
	Low	High
PROG Holdings - Total Revenues	\$ 635,000	\$ 660,000
PROG Holdings - Net Earnings	34,500	37,500
PROG Holdings - Adjusted EBITDA	72,000	77,000
PROG Holdings - Diluted EPS	0.71	0.77
PROG Holdings - Diluted Non-GAAP EPS	0.82	0.88

This outlook assumes a difficult operating environment with continued soft demand for consumer durable goods, no material changes in the Company's decisioning posture, and no impact from additional share repurchases.



APPENDIX

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Non-GAAP net earnings, non-GAAP diluted earnings per share, and adjusted EBITDA are supplemental measures of our performance that are not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). Non-GAAP net earnings and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share for the 2022 quarters, twelve months ended December 31, 2022, full year 2023 outlook and first quarter 2023 outlook exclude intangible amortization expense, restructuring expenses, impairment of goodwill, and accrued interest on an uncertain tax position related to Progressive Leasing's \$175 million settlement with the FTC in 2020. Non-GAAP net earnings and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2021, exclude intangible amortization expense and transaction costs associated with the acquisition of Four. The amount for the after-tax non-GAAP adjustment, which is tax effected using our statutory tax rate, can be found in the reconciliation of net earnings and earnings per share assuming dilution to non-GAAP net earnings and earnings per share assuming dilution table in this presentation.

The Adjusted EBITDA figures presented in this presentation are calculated as the Company's earnings before interest expense, net, depreciation on property and equipment, amortization of intangible assets and income taxes. Adjusted EBITDA for the 2022 quarters, twelve months ended December 31, 2022, full year 2023 outlook and first quarter 2023 outlook exclude stock-based compensation expense, restructuring expenses, and impairment of goodwill. Adjusted EBITDA for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2021, exclude stock-based compensation expense and transaction costs associated with the acquisition of Four. The amounts for these pre-tax non-GAAP adjustments can be found in the three and twelve months ended segment EBITDA tables in this presentation.

Management believes that non-GAAP net earnings, non-GAAP diluted earnings per share, and adjusted EBITDA provide relevant and useful information, and are widely used by analysts, investors and competitors in our industry as well as by our management in assessing both consolidated and business unit performance.

Non-GAAP net earnings, non-GAAP diluted earnings, and adjusted EBITDA provide management and investors with an understanding of the results from the primary operations of our business by excluding the effects of certain items that generally arose from larger, one-time transactions that are not reflective of the ordinary earnings activity of our operations or transactions that have variability and volatility of the amount. We believe the exclusion of stock-based compensation expense provides for a better comparison of our operating results with our peer companies as the calculations of stock-based compensation vary from period to period and company to company due to different valuation methodologies, subjective assumptions and the variety of award types. This measure may be useful to an investor in evaluating the underlying operating performance of our business.

Adjusted EBITDA also provides management and investors with an understanding of one aspect of earnings before the impact of investing and financing charges and income taxes. These measures may be useful to an investor in evaluating our operating performance because the measures:

- Are widely used by investors to measure a company's operating performance without regard to items excluded from the calculation of such measure, which can vary substantially from company to company depending upon accounting methods, book value of assets, capital structure and the method by which assets were acquired, among other factors.
- Are used by rating agencies, lenders and other parties to evaluate our creditworthiness.
- Are used by our management for various purposes, including as a measure of performance of our operating entities and as a basis for strategic planning and forecasting.

Non-GAAP financial measures, however, should not be used as a substitute for, or considered superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP, such as the Company's GAAP basis net earnings and diluted earnings per share and the GAAP revenues and earnings before income taxes of the Company's segments, which are also included in the presentation. Further, we caution investors that amounts presented in accordance with our definitions of non-GAAP net earnings, non-GAAP diluted earnings per share, and adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other companies, because not all companies and analysts calculate these measures in the same manner.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Reconciliation of Net Earnings and
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution
to Non-GAAP Net Earnings and
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution
(In thousands, except per share
amounts)

	(Unaudited)				
	Three Months Ended				Twelve Months Ended
	Mar 31,	Jun 30,	Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Dec 31,
	2022				
Net Earnings	\$ 27,135	\$ 19,484	\$ 16,005	\$ 36,085	\$ 98,709
Add: Intangible Amortization Expense	5,724	5,723	5,724	5,723	22,894
Add: Restructuring Expense	—	4,328	4,673	—	9,001
Add: Impairment of Goodwill	—	—	10,151	—	10,151
Less: Tax Impact of Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(1,488)	(2,613)	(2,703)	(1,488)	(8,292)
Add: Accrued Interest on FTC Settlement Uncertain Tax Position	539	647	755	972	2,913
Non-GAAP Net Earnings	\$ 31,910	\$ 27,569	\$ 34,605	\$ 41,292	\$ 135,376
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.73	\$ 1.90
Add: Intangible Amortization Expense	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.44
Add: Restructuring Expense	—	0.08	0.09	—	0.17
Add: Impairment of Goodwill	—	—	0.20	—	0.19
Less: Tax Impact of Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(0.03)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.16)
Add: Accrued Interest on FTC Settlement Uncertain Tax Position	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.06
Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution ⁽²⁾	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.84	\$ 2.60
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding Assuming Dilution	55,706	52,961	50,547	49,170	52,075

(1) Adjustments are tax-effected using an assumed statutory tax rate of 26%.

(2) In some cases, the sum of individual EPS amounts may not equal total non-GAAP EPS calculations due to rounding.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Reconciliation of Net Earnings and
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution
to Non-GAAP Net Earnings and
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution
(In thousands, except per share
amounts)

	(Unaudited)				
	Three Months Ended				Twelve Months Ended
	Mar 31,	Jun 30,	Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Dec 31,
	2021				
Net Earnings	\$ 79,488	\$ 68,837	\$ 57,413	\$ 37,819	\$ 243,557
Add: Intangible Amortization Expense	5,421	5,421	5,723	5,724	22,289
Add: Transaction Expense	—	561	—	—	561
Less: Tax Impact of Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(1,409)	(1,555)	(1,488)	(1,488)	(5,940)
Add: Accrued Interest on FTC Settlement Uncertain Tax Position	—	—	1,040	350	1,390
Non-GAAP Net Earnings	<u>\$ 83,500</u>	<u>\$ 73,264</u>	<u>\$ 62,688</u>	<u>\$ 42,405</u>	<u>\$ 261,857</u>
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.02	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.59	\$ 3.67
Add: Intangible Amortization Expense	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.34
Add: Transaction Expense	—	0.01	—	—	0.01
Less: Tax Impact of Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.09)
Add: Accrued Interest on FTC Settlement Uncertain Tax Position	—	—	0.02	0.01	0.02
Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution ⁽²⁾	<u>\$ 1.22</u>	<u>\$ 1.09</u>	<u>\$ 0.94</u>	<u>\$ 0.67</u>	<u>\$ 3.94</u>
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding Assuming Dilution	68,260	67,329	66,385	63,739	66,416

(1) Adjustments are tax-effected using an assumed statutory tax rate of 26%.

(2) In some cases, the sum of individual EPS amounts may not equal total non-GAAP EPS calculations due to rounding.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Quarterly Segment EBITDA
(In thousands)

	(Unaudited)			
	Three Months Ended			
	December 31, 2022			
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 36,085
Income Tax Expense ⁽¹⁾				17,646
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax Expense	\$ 61,187	\$ 41	\$ (7,497)	53,731
Interest Expense	8,590	111	—	8,701
Depreciation	2,283	199	200	2,682
Amortization	5,420	—	303	5,723
EBITDA	77,480	351	(6,994)	70,837
Stock-Based Compensation	2,925	100	566	3,591
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 80,405	\$ 451	\$ (6,428)	\$ 74,428

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

	(Unaudited)			
	Three Months Ended			
	September 30, 2022			
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 16,005
Income Taxes ⁽¹⁾				11,343
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ 43,492	\$ 1,376	\$ (17,520)	27,348
Interest Expense	9,365	98	—	9,463
Depreciation	2,355	204	142	2,701
Amortization	5,421	—	303	5,724
EBITDA	60,633	1,678	(17,075)	45,236
Stock-Based Compensation	3,107	104	1,679	4,890
Restructuring Expense	4,670	3	—	4,673
Impairment of Goodwill	—	—	10,151	10,151
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 68,410	\$ 1,785	\$ (5,245)	\$ 64,950

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Quarterly Segment EBITDA
(In thousands)

(Unaudited)				
Three Months Ended				
June 30, 2022				
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 19,484
Income Taxes ⁽¹⁾				7,845
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ 27,383	\$ 3,355	\$ (3,409)	27,329
Interest Expense	9,525	83	—	9,608
Depreciation	2,524	195	97	2,816
Amortization	5,421	—	302	5,723
EBITDA	44,853	3,633	(3,010)	45,476
Stock-Based Compensation	2,643	99	(325)	2,417
Restructuring Expense	3,673	655	—	4,328
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 51,169	\$ 4,387	\$ (3,335)	\$ 52,221

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

(Unaudited)				
Three Months Ended				
March 31, 2022				
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 27,135
Income Taxes ⁽¹⁾				12,701
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ 42,081	\$ 4,423	\$ (6,668)	39,836
Interest Expense	9,523	106	—	9,629
Depreciation	2,529	197	32	2,758
Amortization	5,421	—	303	5,724
EBITDA	59,554	4,726	(6,333)	57,947
Stock-Based Compensation	3,958	88	2,577	6,623
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 63,512	\$ 4,814	\$ (3,756)	\$ 64,570

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Quarterly Segment EBITDA
(In thousands)

	(Unaudited)			
	Three Months Ended			
	December 31, 2021			
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 37,819
Income Tax Expense ⁽¹⁾				15,038
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax Expense	\$ 50,998	\$ 8,092	\$ (6,233)	52,857
Interest Expense	3,788	143	—	3,931
Depreciation	2,825	224	29	3,078
Amortization	5,421	—	303	5,724
EBITDA	63,032	8,459	(5,901)	65,590
Stock-Based Compensation	3,327	78	3,141	6,546
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 66,359</u>	<u>\$ 8,537</u>	<u>\$ (2,760)</u>	<u>\$ 72,136</u>

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

Non-GAAP Financial Information Annual Segment EBITDA (In thousands)

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2022			
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 98,709
Income Taxes ⁽¹⁾				49,535
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ 174,143	\$ 9,195	\$ (35,094)	148,244
Interest Expense	37,003	398	—	37,401
Depreciation	9,691	795	471	10,957
Amortization	21,683	—	1,211	22,894
EBITDA	242,520	10,388	(33,412)	219,496
Stock-Based Compensation	12,633	391	4,497	17,521
Restructuring Expense	8,343	658	—	9,001
Impairment of Goodwill	—	—	10,151	10,151
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 263,496	\$ 11,437	\$ (18,764)	\$ 256,169

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2021			
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	Consolidated Total
Net Earnings				\$ 243,557
Income Taxes ⁽¹⁾				84,647
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ 319,126	\$ 20,223	\$ (11,145)	328,204
Interest Expense	4,850	473	—	5,323
Depreciation	10,078	849	42	10,969
Amortization	21,684	—	605	22,289
EBITDA	355,738	21,545	(10,498)	366,785
Stock-Based Compensation	14,919	287	6,143	21,349
Transaction Expense	561	—	—	561
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 371,218	\$ 21,832	\$ (4,355)	\$ 388,695

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Adjusted EBITDA %

Adjusted EBITDA %

(in thousands)

	For the three months ended				
	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022
Consolidated revenues	\$ 646,543	\$ 710,464	\$ 649,444	\$ 625,821	\$ 612,097
Adjusted EBITDA	72,136	64,570	52,221	64,950	74,428
Adjusted EBITDA %	11.2%	9.1%	8.0%	10.4%	12.2%

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Reconciliation of Full Year 2023
Outlook for Adjusted EBITDA
(In thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2023 Ranges			Consolidated Total
	Progressive Leasing	Vive	Other	
Estimated Net Earnings				\$82,500 - \$103,500
Income Tax Expense ⁽¹⁾				41,000 - 45,000
Projected Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax Expense	\$147,000 - \$167,000	\$2,500 - \$4,500	\$(26,000) - \$(23,000)	123,500 - 148,500
Interest Expense	34,000	1,000	—	35,000
Depreciation	8,000	1,000	1,500	10,500
Amortization	22,000	—	1,500	23,500
Projected EBITDA	211,000 - 231,000	4,500 - 6,500	(23,000) - (20,000)	192,500 - 217,500
Stock-Based Compensation	17,000 - 20,000	500 - 1,500	5,000 - 6,000	22,500 - 27,500
Projected Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$228,000 - \$251,000</u>	<u>\$5,000 - \$8,000</u>	<u>\$(18,000) - \$(14,000)</u>	<u>\$215,000 - \$245,000</u>

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company Segment.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Reconciliation of the Three Months
Ended March 31, 2023 Outlook for
Adjusted EBITDA
(In thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 Outlook

	<u>Consolidated Total</u>
Estimated Net Earnings	\$34,500 - \$37,500
Income Tax Expense ⁽¹⁾	15,500 - 16,500
Projected Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax Expense	<u>50,000 - 54,000</u>
Interest Expense	9,000
Depreciation	2,000
Amortization	6,000
Projected EBITDA	<u>67,000 - 71,000</u>
Stock-Based Compensation	<u>5,000 - 6,000</u>
Projected Adjusted EBITDA	<u><u>\$72,000 - \$77,000</u></u>

(1) Taxes are calculated on a consolidated basis and are not identifiable by Company segments.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Reconciliation of Full Year 2023
Outlook for Earnings Per Share
Assuming Dilution to Non-GAAP
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution

	Full Year 2023 Range	
	Low	High
Projected Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution	\$ 1.69	\$ 2.12
Add: Projected Intangible Amortization Expense ⁽¹⁾	0.48	0.48
Add: Projected Interest on FTC Settlement Uncertain Tax Position	0.06	0.06
Subtract: Tax Effect on Non-GAAP Adjustments	(0.13)	(0.13)
Projected Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution ⁽²⁾	<u>\$ 2.11</u>	<u>\$ 2.54</u>

(1) Adjustments are tax-effected using an assumed statutory tax rate of 26%.

(2) In some cases, the sum of individual EPS amounts may not equal total non-GAAP EPS calculations due to rounding.

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliation Tables

PROG Holdings, Inc.
Non-GAAP Financial Information
Reconciliation of the Three Months
Ended March 31, 2023 Outlook for
Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution
to Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share
Assuming Dilution

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023	
	Low	High
Projected Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.77
Add: Projected Intangible Amortization Expense ⁽¹⁾	0.12	0.12
Add: Projected Interest on FTC Settlement Uncertain Tax Position	0.02	0.02
Subtract: Tax Effect on Non-GAAP Adjustments	(0.03)	(0.03)
Projected Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share Assuming Dilution ⁽²⁾	<u>\$ 0.82</u>	<u>\$ 0.88</u>

(1) Adjustments are tax-effected using an assumed statutory tax rate of 26%.

(2) In some cases, the sum of individual EPS amounts may not equal total non-GAAP EPS calculations due to rounding.



PROG
Holdings, Inc.